

Dietary parp-1 inhibitors as anti-inflammatory compounds

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Dietary PARP-1 inhibitors as anti-inflammatory compounds

Liesbeth Geraets

Maastricht, 10 december 2008

1. Voedingscomponenten met PARP-1 remmende activiteit hebben een ontstekingsremmende werking. *(dit proefschrift)*
2. 1,7-Dimethylxanthine vermindert de door zuurstofradicalen geïnduceerde celnecrose in vasculaire endotheelcellen en verschuift het celdoodproces in long epitheelcellen naar apoptose. *(dit proefschrift)*
3. De anti-inflammatoire activiteit van flavone laat zien dat de antioxidant en anti-inflammatoire eigenschappen van flavonoiden niet parallel lopen. *(dit proefschrift)*
4. PARP-1 remming behoort tot de farmacologische werking van theofylline. *(dit proefschrift)*
5. COPD wordt een behandelbare ("treatable") aandoening genoemd [Rabe *et al.* AJRCCM, 2007; 176(6): 532-555]. Dit wekt ten onrechte de indruk dat het overbodig is om onderzoek te doen naar de behandeling van deze aandoening.
6. De toepassing van ontstekingsremmende voedingscomponenten bij de behandeling van chronische aandoeningen verdient meer aandacht.
7. Door de wettelijke norm voor de toegestane hoeveelheid bestrijdingsmiddelen in groente en fruit als gezondheidsnorm op te vatten, wordt ten onrechte gesuggereerd dat het eten van groente en fruit ongezond is.
8. Dineren is een toxische beproeving.